CLOSING RATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cot ton, ---. Memphia cotton, 11 1-4c. New Orleans cotton, 11 3-8c. New York cotton,

11 15-16c. New York gold, 100 1-2. WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CH. S16. OFFICE, WASHINGTON, August 6, 1 a.m. For Tennesses and the Ohio valley, clear or partly cloudy weather; winds mostly northwesterly and stationary; temperature

OBSERVATIONS YESTERDAY. WAR DEP'T, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, MONDAY, August 5, 1878, 10:38 p.m.

stationary, or rising barometer.

n. Bar. Ther. Wind. W.M. M'ELROY, Sergeant.

WASHINGTON.

Financial Matters-Return of the Secretaries - The Labor - Greenback Party to Organize a National Committee.

The secretary of war had a long interview with the President to-day on the affairs of Secretary M'Crary has returned from his

visit to the west, and Secretary Thompson from his pavy-yard inspection. The acting secretary of the treasury will to-day issue a call for the redemption of five million five-twenty bonds of 1865, consols of

It is said at the treasury department that Secretary Sherman may remain from Washington the greater portion of this month, and will make occasional visits to New York from wherever located to give attention to public

A meeting will be held here this week of epresentatives of the different sections of the of systematizing their operations, and to es-tablish here a national committee. The treasury department this afternoon is-sued the sixty-fifth call for redemption of sued the sixty-fifth call for redemption of five-twenty bonds of 1865, and consols of 1865. The call is for \$5,000,000, of which railroad jobs and give the country the beneregistered bonds. The principal and interest will be paid at the treasury department on and after the fifth of November next, and the interest will cease on that day. The folonds, dated July 1, 1865, namely: \$50, No. 69,501 to No. 70,000 of the bonds, inclusive; \$100, No. 120,001 to No. 123,000, both incluboth inclusive. The total coupons are \$2, 500,000. The registered bonds, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States, after the first of July, 1870, are as follows: \$100

sive; \$1000, No. 35,851 to No. 38,100; both inclusive; \$1000, No. 110,251 to No. 110,-400, both inclusive; \$10,000, No. 19,801 to 20,500, both inclusive. The total registered are \$2,500,000. The aggregate is \$5,-200,000 There were coined in the United States mints, in July, eighty-nine thousand dollars in double eagles, and one million eight hundred and forty-seven thousand dollars in

nillion six hundred and twenty-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-three dollars. TELEGRAPHIC BREVITY.

standard silver doltars. Including minor coins, the value of the coinage was three

Toronto, August 5: Thorne & Parsons, large wholesale leather merchants, have Port Lamberton, August 5: Charles Rouerts, a chemist of Detroit, was drowned Montreal, August 5: A dispatch from St.

died there last night. Constantinople, August 5: It is persistent-y rumored that England is negotiating for the Island of Tenedos. Watertown, N. Y., August 5: Chester D

Parkhurst, wife and son, were drowned Saturday by the capsizing of a boat. London, August 5: It is said the Porte is distributing firearms among the Albanians, nciting them against their neignbors. New London, August 5: Secretary Sherman arrived this afternoon in the revenue cutter Grant, and left for Newport at noon. Montreal, August 5: Pierre DeLorme, eather merchant, and J. B. Barber, mer-

hant, have failed. Their liabilities are not Madrid, August 5: Queen Christina, widow of Ferdinand VII, and grandmother of A onso XII, the present king of Spain, is dan-

Toronto, August 5: Thorn, Parsons & Co. ther merchants, have failed. Liabilities two hundred and fifty thousaand dollars; as sets not known.

Toronto, August 5: A terrific storm, ac empanied by thunder and lightning, passed over the city to-day. Hail-stones as large as walnuts fell, doing great damage. Baltimore, August 5: Seven prise scaped from the jail at Cumberland, Mary and, last night. They overpowered the reeper when he was on his round San Francisco, August 4: John B. War

ner, to day, in a quarrel, shot and killed Wil-liam J. Wilson, a native of New York. Both were members of the fire department. Fall River, August 26: The advisory com attee upon mills held a meeting Saturday is understood that it was decided to star ip on Monday next, and in the meantime ad

Philadelphia, August 5: Chas Andersor was killed and John Smith seriously wounde s morning by Captum C. Fisher, of the schooner Zephina Stillman. They were aught in the act of robbing a fishing vessel

Cincinnati, August 5: The boiler of an en e running a saw-mill, at Enterprise, Wes rginia, exploded on Saturday, killing gorge Avary, John Parr and Frank Dill orth, and seriously wounding Dent Park New York, August 5: Michael Hahn, for-

es bank, has been committed to jail in de-It of bail in a civil suit begun against the

is now but about twenty-five thousa lars left to support the institution. St. Paul, August 5: Major H. B. Strait aber of congress from the second distric this State, has returned from the meeting the commission for the reorganization of

army, at White Salphur Springs. He ys the sessions of the commission were harnious. A bill for the purpose designated ill be reported to congress when it meets in New York, August 5: Robert L. Case resident of the Security life insurance com-any, and Dr. T. S. Lambert, president of e America Popular, both sentenced to earing to false returns, obtained a stay

t twenty-five thousand dollars. St. John, N. B., August 5: Sunday mornng a fire broke out in a pile of lumber on ne wharf adjoining Miller & Woodman's ill, Spurr's Cove, and after burning a conble quantity of lumber the fire spread to e distillery of J. Dew Spurr. About one illion feet of lumber, including some valuaCONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY

Into the Labor Troubles-Tilt between Hastings and Hewitt-Robb says that God will Hold the Committee Responsible

For Every Hungry Belly and Naked Back in the Land-Good Advice, Reduce the Tariff and Stop Sectional Legislation.

New York, August 5 .- At the meeting of the congressional labor committee to-day, Hastings had a tilt with Hewitt. He would ot make his statements specific, and was to.d to stand aside. He then charged Hewitt with being hostile to him, and said his treat-ment was not just. Mr. Hewitt took occasion to say, in view of the allegation of Hastings, that he (Hewitt) was not a shareholder a any bank, and did not import any foreign

Mr. Robb read a long statement, setting forth the importance of the questions under consideration. He said God would hold the committee responsible for every hungry tomach and naked back in the land. God Washington, August 5.—Subscriptions to the four per cent loan to-day, one million two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

Says, "Ye shall not sell the land forever."

No man has a right to give a title to land. We have violated the laws of God, and fraud and perjury prevail everywhere. There was a great deal more of this kind of talk, interspersed with questions by the committee, and the auditors were amused.

J. P. O'Grady, who represented the dry goods salesmen and shoe trade, desired to read a statement, but the committee declined to hear him, as it would take too long, and O'Grady declined to submit his brief stateent, which would take two hours to read. Maurice Cohen, formerly a manufacturer of silk cloaks, said the large manufacturers had crowded him out, and were crowding out all the small dealers, and he requested the committee to attend to these matters.

age. It is not thought that these demands will be conceded. It is thought that if an agreement is reached by Bismarck and the Mr. Graham, secretary of the Workingmen's union, held that we do not desire the outlaws of the old world to come here and bor Greenback party, with the object upset our government. He did not intend to denounce capital when honestly accumulated. but he denounced railroad monopolies and the raising of the prices of provisions, etc.,

\$2,500,000 are coupon, and \$2,500,000 are fit. Our shipping has been driven off the seas by foreign steamers; I would tax the steamers in favor of freight.

Here Mr. Hewitt asked Mr. Marshall, a large ship-owner, to give his views. He did sive; \$500, No. 84,001 to No. 86,000, both inclusive; \$1000, No. 157,001 to No. 163,500, from buying their vessels abroad would refrom buying their vessels abroad would revive the shipping trade. Mr. Graham then continued, and said that he believed the large BERLYN. Angust 5.—Complete returns anemployed population in the cities ought to be sent to the prairie-lands and settled there-

on by private enterprise.

Horatio D. Shepherd, of the National reorm association, attributed the present depression to the mistakes on the currency quesion-too much inflation and not enough tax-

The president of the Cigar-makers union spoke of the cause of the depression in the of the German central exchaquer was fifteen eight trade only. He said that while the million marks below the estimate. All brannumber of cigars manufactured steadily in- dies, customs and excise have suffered from dies, customs and excise have suffered from the condition of the cigar-makers got worse. In one month there were four suicides in New York of cigar-makers for want of employment. The trouble has been caused by the general government, by a system of transfer which theory the human states is intended to pave the transfer transfer which theory the human states is intended to pave the caused by the general government, by a system of transfer which the condition of the cigar-makers and excise have suffered from the suffered from the condition of the cigar-makers and excise have suffered from the condition of the cigar-makers the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the condition of the cigar-makers and excise have suffered from the condition of the cigar-makers and the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the continued depression of trade. The deficit is covered by savings from the French independent of the continued depression of trade. tem of taxation which throws the business in- | way for an increase of the revenue. The disto the hands of large manufacturers. The cussion will cover the subject of excise and

and in New York the tenement-house system | taxation. caused ruin. The system is a shame and a RHODES AND SCIO TO BE CEDED TO FRANCE. disgrace. The whole family—man, woman Paris August 5 —M Fournier has innd children-work day and night, from fourteen to eighteen hours, and still only make ritory to Greece might cause complications to which France could not remain indifferent. when the cigar-makers statck for wages, the landlords, who were also the manufacturers, far as possible. Negotiations are said to be Shylockian vagabond, who spends weeks far as possible. Regotiations are said to be Shylockian vagabond, who spends weeks head tamilies into the street. In tenement-houses people get, say tobacco for one thouses and cigars amd make eleven hundred out of it and they trade off the ohn, Newfoundland, says Bishop Conroy , and they trade off the extra one hundred the butcher, the grocer and the baker, and pay no revenue on them. He asked that the enna that the insurrections at Mostar, Herzelenement-house system be abolished, and govina is fomented by the Montenegrins, and laughter] My fellow-countrymen, as that cigars be allowed to be made only in factories. He was not op-posed to Chinamen as a rule, but he was opposed to the importation of Chinese or any other labor under such a sys-Chinese or any other labor under such a system. He did not care how many Chinamen | Mostar have been assassinated, and the English language contains in the neighborhood of sixty thousand words. I am in came to this country, or what wages they

worked for, provided they were not imported as coolies. He was opposed to the importa-tion of all labor by contract. There were other and interesting addresss, and the committee adjourned till to-mor-

DRESDEN, TENNESSEE. clares for a 33 1-3 Settlement

of the State Debt.

DRESDEN, August 5.-The Democracy of Weakly county met in convention here today, and selected delegates to the gubernatorial convention. The platform of principles set forth favor a compromise of the State debt at a rate not exceeding thirty-three and a third cents. A resolution recommending and instructing the county delegates for him

THE INDIANS.

The Hostites Still Hold the Snake River Country-Devastation in Idaho-Mexicans Selling Arms to the Mad Nomiads.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 4 .- A Boise City aspatch says that a number of hostiles passed It of bail in a civil suit begun against the servers to be from seventy-five to two hundred. These are probably what is left of the Bannocks who raided this section of Idaho at the beginning of the war. The Piutes and of clothes and a head full of brains with him to help develop the country; would like to trians were advancing yesterday toward at the beginning of the war. The Piutes and Mostar, and fought a short engagement near [great applause and laughter]. Other quotaon female seminary, at Exeter, is reported other allies are yet in Oregon, between the Malheur and Stein's mountains, and along billed with five hundred insurgents. They Malheur and Stein's mountains, and along killed several of them and made some prisepreciation of its capital, nearly all of which wenty thousand dollars) was invested in cerficient to engage the attention of the troops

FOUR LINE AND THE MALE AND THE MAL canal stock in New York. It is said that in that quarter, while the Bannocks proceed-I in the direction of Lemhi to form a june ion with Ten Dog's band, who have left the reservation, and are now supposed to be urday with a pair of scissors.

ready for hostilities. A letter from Captain London, August 5.—The Sailey, from Cold Springs, on the overland road, dated August 2d, says: "I sent out be no dissolution of parliament this year, scouts to day; they have just returned, and report that they found the Indians, in large force, on both sides of Snake river at Big tion in Herzegovina, and of the assassination Bottom, near Brunea. The Indians chased the scouts for five miles, firing at them."

MORE MURDERS BY THE HOSTILES. San Francisco, August 5.—A Boise City dispatch says that five men and two men are wearing to laise returns, obtained a stay bom Judge Donobue, pending an appeal to see court of appeals. Dr. Lambert was unble to procure bail. Mr. Case, who surendered this morning, had his bail renewed month of Waiser vactories below the month of Waiser vactories. mouth of Meiser, yesterday, but were driven back by the volunteers and a few regulars. The mountains are evidently full of Indians. General Howard, with his staff and the main body of the troops, are between Silver City and Jordan. It is reported that thirty-five of the White-Birds and Nez Perces have sur-

rendered.

and Harrison, supposed to have been killed, MEXICANS SUPPLYING INDIANS WITH ARMS

AND AMMUNITION. GALVESTON, August 5 .- A News San Annio special gives a letter from Captain L 7. Carpenter, of the Tenth cavalry, in which he states, on information received, that the Indians of the Fort Stanton reservation sold mules in the town of Del Nerto, Mexico, that had been stolen from the El Paso stage line, and that the Indians are supplied at stores in Del Neito with improved breech loading rifles and ammunition without question. Capain Carpenter further states that a company of regular Mexican cavalry is stationed in the town of Del Neito. This shows how some of the American Indians are supplied with actus and ammunition.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Greeks to be Overhauled for Insulting an American Lady Teacher and Missionary, in Thessaly-What the Vatican Demands of Germany.

The Austrian Invasion of Turkish Prov inces Leading to Serious Complications-The Bosnians Resisting their Advance-The German Elections-General News.

DUBLIN, August 5 .- The Fenian, Kelly, n account of ill health, was liberated Saturlay from Mountjoy prison. AN AMERICAN LADY SERIOUSLY MOLESTED BY GREEKS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 5 .- The American minister has sent the gunboat Dispatch to investigate the case of an American lady who founded a missionary school in Thessaly and who is said to have been seriously mo lested by Greeks. VATICAN DEMAND OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, August 5 .- It is stated in regard to negotiations at Kesinger, that the Vati-can demands the repeal of the anti-Jesuit law and unlimited control of clerical patronagain be dissolved. EXCITEMENT IN BOSNIA.

Belgrade, August 5 .- The excitement throughout Bosnia and Herzegovina is rapidly increasing as the Austrians advance, and the inhabitants are collecting in bands. Considerable uneasiness prevaits in Servia at the aspect of affairs in the neighboring provinces. The Austrians were expected to enter Serajevo to-day. THE BOSNIANS RESISTING THE AUSTRIANS.

VIENNA, August 5.—The Austrian troops | fellow workingmen and women of Boston, are meeting with resistance in Bosnia at the on behalf of the workingmen of the Pacific He thought the removal of taxes as much as | were received by the inhabitants with a volpossible consistent with the revenue necessi- ley, which was returned. They were again ties would revive trade, and the abolition of attacked at Magdaj, in Sandjak of Zwarnik,

Berlan, August 5. - Complete returns from the German elections show the following results, as regards the great parties: Ninety-three conservatives, one hundred and ten of the various liberal parties and ninetysix ultramontanes, sixty-six second ballots being necessary.

GERMAN REVENUES. Berlin, August 5 .- Last year the revenue cause was the introduction kindred topics. Herr Hobrecht, the Prus-

LONDON, August 5 .- It is reported at Viwill be likely to lead to serious complications | the representative of the poor working classes with Austria. It is said that the state of affairs at Mostar is worse than at Neojervo. of "Good."], with no classic language with The cajihal of Bosnia and the neuttio of which to fool my hearers [applause], believing selmans from the surrounding country are possession of a few hundred of those words, flocking in to join the insurgents.

THE ENGLISH BIMETALIC STANDARD. LONDON, August 5 .- In the house of commons, to-night, Sir George Campbell, liberal, asked whether, now that the United States had made silver a legal tender, the govern-ment would consider the possibility of estabishing equivalent silver coinages in the great ilver-using dependencies of the kingdom. He advocated an increase in the amount of Weakly County Elects Delegates to the Gubernatorial Convention and De- servative, on behalf of the government, depecated these proposals. He said a bimetalic standard was very inconvenient, and that the government's duties in regard to the cur-

rency should be limited to the prevention of AUSTRIA'S OCCUPATION OF THE TURKISH PROVINCES. PLEVNA, August 5 .- The Abend Post (official), publishes the following details of the Austrian occupation of the Turkish provinces: The main column advanced into the valley of Bosnia after overcoming great diffi-

ulties, gaining by tact the good will of the Hon, John A. Gardner to the Nashville con- inhabitants. The property owners were esvention as a suitable candidate for governor, | pecially friendly, as the agitation had at Serajevo openly assumed a communistic character. Captain Millinkovic, chief-of-staff, was unanimously and enthusiastically passed. was sent from Derbend, August 1st, seemingly received everywhere with joy. Hearing an insurrection was being organized at Shebsche, on the river Bosna, the captain proceeded thither, and was received at the entrance of the town with a volley of mus-ketry. The hussars formed for action, but back to Maglai. There the inhabitants, previously friendly, opened a heavy was sent by the Associated Press: "Kearney cross-fire upon the hussars, who were obliged looks like an average Irish workingman. pass at a rapid pace a defile occupied by To this he said he was an American citizen; up Snake river, variously estimated by ob- the Bosnians, and in doing so seventy hussars | had been here twenty years; brought a suit

> London, August 5.-The Standard announces, in an official form, that there will | London, August 5.—A Constantinople dispatch gives a detailed account of an insurrection ocratic thieves and Republican robbers out

of the governor of Mostar. Constantinople, August 5,—The Russians have summoned the Rhodope insurgents to evacuate within ten days the territory beonging to Roumelia, or the Russians will atreported to have been murdered by the hos-tiles on Brunea river, last Thursday—Geo. rived to consult with Mr. Layard, the British

An Incendiary Fire. Boston, August 5 .- The car-shed of the night, with six passenger and two Pullman cars. Loss, fifty-five thousand dollars; inared. The fire is believed to have been in-

cendiary. Grain Damaged by Heavy Rains. Fox Lake Junction, Wis , August 5 .- A severe storm of rain and wind occurred this some time, advising workingmen to cut thief breaking open a closet secured the valise

DENNIS KEARNEY

Makes his First Eastern Speech in Fanuiel Hall-He Denounces the Associated Press as a Band of Pirates, and the Newspaper Proprietors

As Villainous, Serpent-like, Slimy Imps of Hell, Cut-Throats, Bilks, Daylight Thieves and Midnight Assassins-Ben Butler, the White-

Plumed Navarre,

Of New England, is to get his Reward from the Laboring Multitudes of Massachusetts, whom he Advises to Vote for the Workingman.

Boston, August 5.—Dennis Kearaey was formally received at Fanuel hall, this even-ing, by one of the largest audiences ever held within and around its walls. Not one-fourth of the crowd could gain entrance, and during the proceedings an overflowing meeting of immense proportions was in progress in the square. The crowd was noisy, enthusiastic, and reckless, but, withal, good-natured Within the hall the heat was intense, and following the example of Kearney, the ma-jority of the audience were soon in their shirt-sleeves. T. C. Brophy called the meeting to order, and E. E. Chamberlain presided and made a speech. He regarded the great gathering of laboring men as presaging the overthrow of the power of capitalists, and said that the gubernatorial office was within the grasp of the laboring men, when some one cried out "Butler," when there was a loud outburst and three cheers for Butler were given with great enthusiasm. Papal Nuncio, the German parliament will The speaker was pleased at the demonstration, and requested that the audience should again cheer, and at the name of Butler louder applause ensued. Concluding, the chairman "Though capitalists are hitting us now, the time will soon come when we will hit back with righteous vengeance." Dennis Kearney was then presented and received

with uproarrous cheers KEARNEY'S SPEECH. MR. CHAIRMAN ["Three cheers and a tiger for Dennis Kearney"]-Mr. Chairman and rom this meeting to-night, when a certain

man's name was mentioned, I feel like bringing a message of greeting and love to a man who is lesser than "Macbeth," yet greater, to that fiery and incomparable Rupert of debate [Voice—Go on], to that chivalrous and white-plumed Navarre of the strum, the gallant, gifted, glorious Butler. reat applause and cries of "Say it again." We bid him take heart and hope; he will re-ceive the reward from the workingmen f Massachusetts, he so justly merits for his old and out-spoken action in behalf of dewntrodden humanity. [Applause.] With houses in the neighborhood of Pennsylvania from all further reference to our platform the remark "it is getting hot, Mr. Chairman." avenue. In front of the Executive Mansion without making special mention of that Kearney at this point took off his coat and osened his cravat amid loud cheers and aughter. Continuing, he said: I am sorry, friends, we are not rich enough to be able to hire Beecher to knock the bottom out of hell. country that workingmen are arising from north to south, from west to east, to do what? To take charge of their own affairs. [Applause.] I ask you [applause] does it not mean death to the railroad robber of three thousand coolies into sian minister of finance, is said to have de-the trade in the city of San Francisco, vised a plan for a rapid increase of direct and to the lecherous, thieving bond-holder? [Applause.] And does it not mean political oblivion to the rancorous, villainous political bummer? [Applause.] Kearney then al-Paris, August 5.-M. Fournier has in- luded to the method in which the meeting formed the sultan that a refusal to grant ter-ritory to Greece might cause complications with the manner of the far west, his head studying a speech with which to psycholo-

gize his hearers. He then went on the following day, scheming and planning to rob the men he borhood of sixty thousand words. I am in and use them by humble, plain, unvarnished words to extol virtue and condemn robbery.
[Applause.] The speaker then paid his respects to the press and Associated Press. he newspapers, from the earliest days of printing, have been more in earnest of cut-throats, bilks, daylight thieves and midnight assassins. [Applause and laughter, and cries f "Put that in print!"] For the reporters of the press I have great respect. [Laughter.] They are working men, like ourselves, working for bread and butter [laughter]; but for the uliainous, serpent-like, slimy imps of hell laughter] that own these newspapers have the utmost contempt-a villainous,

hieving, Liamous band of scalawags [laughter], that are aiming to control the working-men. If the workingmen of the United States possessed within their breasts a single spark from which the flame of freedom could be fanned, they would not permit such non-sense to live in their midst. They would control these telegraphs. They would hurl these infernal, lying scalawags from power, and select honest men to-might over a resolution by J. D. transmit plain, unvarnished news. [Applause.] I don't care, of course, how I look; that's my business, and nobody's else. [Laughter and applause.] As to my ungrammatical sentences and ungrammatical speech's, for two dollars and a half I can Mr. Gardner indorsed the platform in a squadron of hussars to always hire a man to write a grammatical to be working against Major E. L. Bourke, strong speech.

with a squadron of hussars to always hire a man to write a grammatical to be working against Major E. L. Bourke, speech, but it takes millions to buy an honest who is a prominent candidate for state treasseemingly received everywhere with joy. plause.] The country is to be run to perdition by a band of classic thieves and legal pirates. [Applause.] What workingmen want is common-honesty and common-sense. These are better guides than classic attainments. perceiving that it was impossible to force an entrance to the town, they marched Chronicle a dispatch which he attributed to nated for congress in the fourth district.

tions: "In the train which brought him here rode no despotic aristocrats—that was only f ignoring newspaper reports, and particularly the reports sent by the Associated Press, a band of pirates [laughter and applause]. Kearney then spoke of the workingmen's movement in California, that have run Demof the State. We were vigilant, active and energetic. We allowed no one to address our neetings but honest, hard-fisted men. [Ap-plause. "That's good."] We elected to the onstitutional convention poor, obscure artians over the heads of senators and ex-gov-

I can say what I please in California despite the hell-hounds that infest it. I hope I hope you will profit by my advice, which is to pool all your issues-put all your issues into one Eastern railroad company was burned to- pool [applause], and in next November you le Arostok pine, were burned. The distilley contained twenty thousand gallons of each brandy, which had been stored there by years, owned by John Risk and T. E. Mill.

DEVASTATION IN IDAHO.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 5.—A Silver City dispatch says the Indians have devastated they are given in thirty minutes. Grain will be damaged considerably by wind and water. Farmers cannot stack for two or three days.

Seven so water fell in thirty minutes. Grain will be damaged considerably by wind and water. Farmers cannot stack for two or three days.

Some time, activing working working the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the time, activing working the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the time, activing working the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the time, activing working the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the time, activing working the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the solution of the containing the money and bonds and taking the solution of the concluded: We have got the power to do with this government as we please. We pro-

ernors, millionaires and bank-smashers. Now

pose to take advantage of that power and use it from this day forth. I know the working-men of Massachusetts will succeed. I walk

the earth at mid-day and find the vast expanse of the blue heavens unrelieved by the sparkle of a single star, but I know that Mars still holds his course; that Venus still whirls through space; that Jupiter and Ura-nus are flashing in the heavens; that the blazing belt of Orion, and the bright guiding gleam of the North star, are there; and it hus with a movement of this kind. We know the workingmen are as true as the stars in the heavens, and will, when called upon exhibit themselves in beauty, in majesty, and n power. [Tremendous applause.]

NASHVILLE. Contest Over Official Commissions

The Baxter-Hicks Affair in Court-Result of the National Victory in Memphis.

pecial to the Appeal. NASHVILLE, August 5 .- Morris, Glenn, Power, and Miller, defeated candidates on the Peoples Independent ticket, to day filed protests with the coroner against the issucratic rivals, on the ground of fraud and irregularity in the election. It is believed, however, that they will not be able to make out their case. Glenn and Morris laid their protests before the governor against his issuing commissions to their opponents. He told them that he could not take their protests into consideration, because having no power to investigate election. His powers in respect to elections were purely of a ministerial character, and he was required by law to issue commissions upon all properly-authenticated certificates of election. The governor

September 1st. Jere, Edward Montgomery, and Nathanie Baxter, jr., charged with the murder of Samuel Hicks, July 25th, waived a preliminary examination, and gave bonds in the sum of five thousand dollars each for their appearance before the criminal court. The success of the Nationals at Memphis has caused a slight outcropping of a feeling

will issue commissions to the officers elect

to organize such a party here. A TERRIFIC STORM

Tries the Stability of Buildings in and about the National Capitol-Between Wind and Lightning the Damage

is Estimated at 875,000. Washington, August 5.—At three o'clock this evening this city was visited by the most terrific storm known for many years. Some fifty houses were unroofed, and extensive damage done to many houses in course of erection. Castle Stewart, rented to the Chinese embassy, was damaged. Mary Sharp, colored, was blown into the river, with the house in which she resided, and was decreased. These are reports of several parts. drowned. There are reports of several per- strongly seated in the Democratic platform of sons being injured by lightning. The patent | this State, and he stands upon that platform. sons being injured by lightning. The patent office, Smithsonian institute, office of the Post, the Holy Cross and Church of the Communion were struck by lightning, but not seriously damaged. There was very great destruction to sewers and cellars of business bewers in the neighborhood of Penergipania form all further reference to our platform. It is State, and he stands upon that platform. If General Harrison is elected will he support these measures or any one of them? I think the opinion he has heretofore expressed would require you to answer, no. Referring to the labor question he said: I cannot pass and treasury department during the storm, clause which demands appropriate legislation it resembled a rapidly flowing river. Hundreds of sparrows were killed by hail. Shade employed by the great corporations of the trees were broken and blown down. The damage done to public and private property will reach at least seventy-five thousand dol lars. Passengers at the Baltimore and Poto-

mac depot were ferried over in wagons. POLITICAL.

Alabama Gives a Hundred Thousand Mejority. pecial to the Appeal.] MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 5 .- The Democratic State ticket polled nearly or quite one hundred thousand majority. Perhaps a slave. Any man who tells you that an obli-

Democratic majority in the legislature of at both in the north and south, not least one hundred and twenty. Many ne- within this prohibition, upon which groes voted the Democratic ticket. The election was quiet all over the State. The Democracy on Top in Kentucky. LEXINGTON, August 5. - The election assed off quietly. The entire Democratic ticket for county officers was elected by ma-jorities ranging from four hundred to fifteen

nundred and fifty. The most exciting contest was for county judge, resulting in eight hundred and thirty-nine majority for Kinkead, Democrat. In the election to-day Blanton Duncan's

Labor-National-Greenback party was utterly crushed, not a candidate on the ticket getting a respectable vote. The Louisiana State Democratic Con-vention.

BATON ROUGE, August 5 .- The Democratic State convention assembled to-day. General Andrew S. Herron was chosen permanent chairman. The nomination of state treas-urer will probably not be made until to-mor-row. Hon. J. H. Acklen, a Democrat prommently connected with the late Washington scandal, has been renominated by acclamation to represent the third district in the forty-

seventh congress. The Times's special from Baton Rouge says that the convention has completed a permanent organization and adjourned until noon to-morrow. The ment to-night over a resolution by J. D. Houston, of Orleans, to expel four members of the tenth ward, New Orleans delegation, for offering to sell their votes. After an exciting discussion a committee was appointed to investigate the matter. Auditor Jumel and Secretary of State Strong are said fact of State officers taking such a part in a State convention. It is generally understood that the issue is on the funding board. They do not want Bourke. The opposition to Ellis in the second congressional district seems to

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.—During the storm this afternoon lightning struck the Methodist tent at Diamond street and Ridge avenue, while Sunday school exercises were progressing, and Mary Elery, aged eleven years, was instantly killed. Walter Elery, aged eight years; Wm. Adams, ten years, and Nellie Burlsten, were fatally injured. BERLIN, August 5.—It is reported that Nobling attempted to commit suicide on Saturday with a pair of scissors.

All the other children were thrown down and smoking car, entertaining a dingy clay pipe."

That's a lie; I never smoked tobacco or drank whisky in my life. Fellow-citizens, I but the flames were speedily artificially and the flames were speedily artificially artificiall All the other children were thrown down and stunned; also, C. A. Wilson and H. Conner, dren. Fortunately all the children had not arrived at the time the lightning struck.

New York, August 5 .- James Reid & Co., porters and wholesale dealers in liquors, o. 41 Broadway, have made an assignment. Liabilities, two hundred thousand dollars; assets, one hundred thousand dollars. Oscar D. Dilke, of the late firm of Townsend, Clinch & Dilke, tea brokers, Pearl street, has gone into voluntary bankruptcy. Liabilities, one hundred and fifty-four thousand dollars; no assets. James Jones and Edward Dunn, cartmen. were drowned in Hudson river to-day by the

upsetting of a boat. A \$19,000 Robbery. will be able to announce a victory for the honest workingmen of Massachusetts. All in favor of pooling the issues hold up their hands [all hands were raised]; all opposed hold in the pooling the issues hold up their hands [all hands were raised]; all opposed to arbitrary described in United States four per authority and military law. During his en-[no sign.] Now I hope no one will state tomorrow that this is not a unanimous meeting. Kearney continued in this strain for

HENDRICKS'S SPEECH.

The Issue Squarely Made between Dan Voorhees, the Democratic Candidate for United States Senator, and General Harrison, the Republican.

Voorhees's Financial Policy and Harri son's Contrasted-Southern Claims and Hayes's no-called Southern Policy-The Distresses of the Poor Workers.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 15.—The Demo-cratic campaign was opened here to-night by Ex-Governor Hendricks in a speech at the Masonic hall. The following is a brief summary for the governor's speech. After re-ferring to the evil results of the unequal ap-portionment of the State by the act of 1872, ance of certificates to their successful Demo-

people, he said:
Need I remind you that the next legislature
will choose a United States senator, and that the political character of the senate may de pend upon that choice. I suppose the support of the Democratic legislative ticket means Mr. Voorhees for senator and the Republican ticket General Harrison. They are both gentlemen of ability, but they represent very different political opinions and purposes. If voting directly for senator how would your ballot be cast? You are smoere and earnest in your opinions and will not throw your votes away upon a legislative ticket that you know cannot be elected. Nor do you wish to hold an uncertain position be tween the two parties to be bargained with, for or how will you vote. Mr. Voorhees be-lieves that the national bank notes should be retired, and in lieu thereof there should be issued by the government an equal amount of treasury-notes, and that the right to issue paper money as well as

coin is the exclusive prerogative of the gov-ernment. He also believes that congress should provide for the taxation by the States of United States treasury notes as other money is taxed. He believes the policy of General Grant's administration and of th present administration in converting our debt into a foreign debt is unwise and inexpedient, and that the true policy of the government and the best interests of the people would be subserved by making it a domestic debt by affording the people the most favorable and practical opportunities for the investment of their savings in the funded debt of the United States. Then the interest would be paid at home and pass directly into the channels of

country. The security and lien should be made adequate, and the proceedings for its enforcement simple, speedy and cheap. You are to be told that the success of the Democratic party means payment for slaves and payment of southern claims, even to the bankruptcy of the treasury. Can it be necesassured we will do? The constitution inubits that neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obliga-tion incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any half-dozen Independents and Radicals are gation can be assumed or paid in violation of elected to the legislature, which secures a

Such claims were for property taken or occupied by the army during the war; army sup-plies for the cavalry and artillery, and lands and houses occupied by the army and not paid for at the time. Are Democrats more likely to pay unjust claims of that class than Republicans? They share equally the burdens of taxation. I make you witnesses that throughout its history the Democratic party has been the party of reform, and exceedingly jealous of old claims against the government. Judge the future by the past; it is a safe rule. Which party has most favored these claims? The administration. Do you ask what I think of Hayes's southern

policy? He has none. He and his administration are incapable of any policy. What they have done in the south approve. For years and years the Demo-cratic party has demanded that the bayonet should be taken from the breasts of the people of the southern States, and that they be left where the constitution placed them, in absolute control of their domestic affairs. I think you asked me about civil-service reform. It is a sham; a lie. It costs the country less money than the whisky frauds, critical and meaner. It was given out that office-holders'shoul i attend to their duties and let politics alone. The Massachusetts election came on. The attorney-general, who was from that State, wrote to the office-holders that they should be zealous and active to to you to prepare for this contest and that of 1880. What considerations may I urged Surely I may say that Democratic success will give assurances of true reform in the civil service, ultimate reduction in public ex penditures, and the adoption of just and lib

eral policies of currency and finance. Bu more than this will be involved in that contest. General . Grant will probably be the Republican candidate and his candidacy will signify a strong government, always prepared to hold the people in control. In the midst of the present hard times thousands of men have been thrown out of employment; led by hope, or driven by fear, they have wandered from place to place seeking work until all the resources are exhausted and they become tramps. It is now common to attribute to them all the acts of violence and public disturbance over the country. This condition is made the pretext for demanding a stronger and a more arbitrary supervision and control. The general disry supervision and control. The general distress in business and consequent want of employment for labor have disturbed and excited the entire laboring population, and that is also urged a reason for conferring more absolute authority, under the pretext of suppressing strikes and labor riots. Grant and a centralized and strong government is the sentiment of his party. Upon no other ground could his nomination and election be urged. Experience brought to his advisers urged. Experience brought to his adviser Two Bankrupteles and a Drowning no reforms in government. His second administration was worse than the first. To the faults of the first the sec-ond added all the evils of personal favoritism, of the extravagance of the Indian rings, of the whisky rings, and of dangerous combinations to defraud the government in its revenues. There is no pretense that his elevation is necessary to secure a wise and honest administration of the laws. But in his elevation again we would trample under foot the unshaken sentiment of the people against a third term. This movement will not be very easily defeated. The struggle between free institutions and the aggressions of power has never been an easy one. General Grant is

came in the way of party ambition appears throughout his entire administration. London, August 5: To-day is bank holiday

and the markets are closed.

BOLIVAR, TENN.

Hardeman Elects Delegates to the Gubernatorial Convention, and Declares Itself for an Equitable Settlement of the State Debt.

Spectal to the Appeal.]

Bolivar, Tenn., August 5.—Our county convention met to-day and appointed delegates to the gubernatorial convention, and adopted a resolution in opposition to repudiation of the State debt, and favoring an equitable settlement. Major Sykes and Colonel Young addressed the convention in appropriate speeches. Colonel Young's speech was to the point, and received the applause and approbation of our people. He attacked the papers that have been assaulting him for his course in congress, and especially the Bolivar Bulletin, and completely vindicated himself of said charges. The people are for Young. of said charges. The people are for Young, believing him to be the only man in the district that can harmonize and carry the dis-

trict in the coming election. YELLOW-FEVER.

New Orleans Sunday Report. NEW ORLEANS, August 4.—New cases, twenty; deaths, eleven. The weather for the past twenty-four hours has been rainy. Yesterday the mercury fell ten degrees, which is unfavorable for the sick.

New Orleans Monday Report. New Orleans, August 5.—Report filed at three o'clock. New cases, twenty-eight; deaths, twelve. Dr. Chappin, president of the board of health, has issued orders that no more reports of new cases of yellow-fever shall be fur-

nished the press. Texas Towns Quarantined against New Orleans. ST. Louis, August 5.-Dispatches from Texas show that quite a considerable number of railroad towns in the interior of that State are thoroughly quarantined against New Or-leans, and that it is the determination to

keep the yellow-fever out of Texas if possi-ble. The International and Great Northern railroad refuses to take any passengers, freight, express matter or mails from New Orleans over their road. Wilmington, N. C., Quarantined, WILMINGTON, August 5.—A quarantine of twenty days has been established here

against all persons coming from any city south of Wilmington where yellow-fever or other contagious or in ectious diseases exist. The Plague in the Isle of Cyprus. LONDON, August 5 .- A correspondent of the Daily News in Cyprus reports that the fever is prevalent in Nicosia, on the northern side of the island, and that seventeen men hundred and twenty stationed there have been attacked by the disorder.

How the Mayor of New Orleans was Squeezed at Vicksburg. Building and Loan Association. VICKSBURG, August 5 .- Mayor Morris, of New Orleans, was fined two hundred and fifty dollars and ordered out of towa for violating the quarantine regulations. He came from New Orleans on the steamer Cannon, on the second instant. He appealed from the second instant. Mayor O'Leary's decision to the board of Money to Loan! Stock for Sale! No Back Dues! aldermen. They heard the case last night

and sustained the mayor's decision. A Yellow-Fever Hospital Affoat. CAIRO, August 5 -On the arrival of the steamer Golden Crown last night, the quarantine officer found a lady sick with what, which Dr. Sunning, the quarantine physician here, pronounced yellow-fever, and the boat was not permitted to land. An authenticated tient died after leaving here, and was buried at Caledonia. As a further prevention against yellow-fever, after to-morrow passenger sary to say that the fourteenth amendment to coaches from below will not be transferred the constitution forbids much that you are across the river, but the passengers will change cars at the transfer-steamer.

A Coal-Miners Strike for Advance of Wages. POTTSVILLE, PA., August 6 .- About two hundred men and boys employed at Buck-ridge colliery, Shamokin, struck to-day for the restoration of five cents per wagon of the coal mined, which was taken off during July, and submitted to at the time. As a majority of the men don't demand the restoration, and are willing to work at the reduced rate, it is Two Murders at a Negro Barbecue in Hillinois.

CAIRO, August 4 .- At a barbecue, yesterday, given by colored people at Caledonia, a general fight occurred, in which Will Freeman and George Rutledge were killed. There were no arrests. It was Londed. MOUNT VERNON, O., August 5 .- A young man named Gregory, residing at Fredericks-

burg, blew into the muzzle of his gun to see if it was loaded, whereupon the gun went off and carried away the top of his head. Strange Freak of an Insane Woman. Boston, August 5.-An insane daughter f Thaddeus Frost, aged twenty-seven years, poured kerosene over her head and clothes set fire to it, and burned to death.

DIED.

DAVIS-In Sardis, Miss., August 4, 1878, Mrs ANNA DAVIS, formerly of Camden. Miss., in the 23d

THE members of this society are respectfully no-tried to meet this (TUESDAY) evening, at 17 Madison street, to take action upon the death of Masonie Notice.

St. Andrew's Society.

DESOTO LODGE, No. 299—Will hold a special communication this (TUESDAY) evening, Au ust 6th, 8 o'clock, for work in the E. A. degree. Members of sister lodges and visiting brethren are fraternally invited. By order B. F. PRICE, W. M. Attest: Henry J. Lynn, Secretary.

Notice to Consignees. MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD,

IUKA, MISSISSIPPI.

EXT session opens First Monday in September and continues forty weeks. Cheapness, comfort and thorough instruction combined. Experienced teachers engaged for every department. Terms—Tuition, from \$2 to \$5 per month; Music, \$5 per month; Board from \$10 to \$12 50 per month. For catalogue and further information, apply to N. A. FLOURNOY, A.M., Principal. Presbyterial Male High School FURST-CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS-Opens First
Monday in September, 1878, and continues
forty weeks; course full and thorough in all branches;
includes Double entry Book-keeping, Military Tactics,
Military Discipline. Students wear uniform. Tuition from \$2 to \$5 per month. Board from \$10 to
\$12 50 per month. Send for catalogue containing
full particulars.

J. C. PETTUS, M.A. (U. Va.) Principals.
N. A. FLOURNOY, A.M.,

AM now prepared to sell, at wholesale and retail Furniture and Mattresses lower than ever before sold in the city. Ordersf outputry dealers especially solicited. dealers especially solicited.

WM. K. THIXTON (IRVING BLOCK),
No. 256 Second str

OUARANTINE INSTRUCTIONS.

BOARD OF HEALTH OFFICE, MEMPHIS July 20, 1878. Dr. A. A. Laurance will proceed at once to Quarantine Station. President's Island, and Immediately enter upon duty. He will have full charge of the Station, and all persons on duty there will be subject to his orders.

He will stop all boats passing up the river, and make a thorough examination of all researchers.

phis. unless she is a local packet and one that does not run to Vicksburg.

No Anchor-Line packets, and no through boatspassing above Memphis, will be allowed to land at our wharf, but will be allowed to anchor in the river for the purpose of delivering the United States mail receiving freight, cosi, etc., by tag. No boats running to New Orleans, Vicksburg, or infected ports from above Memphis, will be allowed to deliver freight or land at Memphis. By order of the Board, J. H. ERSKINE, M. D., Health Officer.

DR A. A. LAURANCE,
Quarantine Station, President's Island.

NATURAL Mineral Water

APPROVED by the Academie de Medecuse of France, and its sale in France authorized by special order of the French Government.

Recommended by the highest MEDICAL AUTHOR-ITIES in New York as

HIGHLY EFFERVESCENT.

Recommended by the ingress Madrical at Those ITIES in New York as
"A delightful beverage."
"Far superier to Vichy, Seltzer, or any other."
"Most grateful and refreshing."
"Absolutely pure and wholesome; superior to all for daily use; free from all the objections urged against Croton and artificially aerated waters."
"Impregnated only with its own gas."
"Healthful and very agreeable."
"Healthful and well sulted for Dyspepsia and cases of acute disease."
"Mildly antacto; agrees well with dyspeptics and where there is a gouty diathests."
"By far the most agreeable, alone or mixed with wine; useful in Cutarrhs of Stomach or Bladder, and in Gout."
"Not only a luxury, but a necessity."
To be had of all Wine Merchants, Grocers, Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers throughout the United States, and wholesale by

FRED'S DE BARY & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Nos. 41 and 43 Warren St., New York.

Every genuine bottle bears the registered yellow pictorial label of the APOLLINARIS COMPANY (LIMITED), LONDON and two officers out of a detachment of one | New Series! New Series! New Series! WORKINGMEN'S



The safest medicine to have about the house Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient. It will harm no one. It will benefit any one who may have occasional attacks of headache, vertigo, low spirits, or other allments resulting from irregular action of the bowels. Keep a bottle always in the house, and there is a family physician near that will

save many dollars and much suffering. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Call for a Mass Convention.

The Executive Committee hereby request that the Democratic and Conservative party of Shelby county meet in Mass Convention, at the Courthouse thought that all will be at work in a few days. In the city of Memphis, on Thursday, the Sth county in the convention called to meet in the city of Nashville on the 15th day of August, 1878, to nom-Inate a candidate for Governor of Tennessee, W. L. CLAPP, Chairman of the Board.



Cotton-Picking

A sale, at wholesale or retail, and at reduced prices, a large lot of the celebrated PLANTERS SEAMLESS SACKS and Sacking for Cotton Pickers, viz: 5.000 yards Sacking, 26 inches wide, double-width, 5,000 yards Sacking, 28 inches wide, double-width, 10,000 Ready-made Sacks, 3 feet long, 10,000 Ready-made Sacks, 4½ feet long, 10,000 Ready-made Sacks, 6 feet long.

These goods are very heavy and substantial.

WORMELEY & GOODMAN.

Administratrix Notice. To all whom it may concern: Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of the late Edward T. Freeman, of Shelby county, Tennessee, notice is hereby given that all parties indebted must come forward and settle; and those having claims against said estate should present them, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred.

Aug. 6, 1878. LIZZIE A. FREEMAN, Adm'x. Chancery Sale of Real Estate.

No. 3673—Chancery Court of Shelby county—Val-Sanford, Ex'r, etc., vs. W. S. Norris, et al.

By virtue of an interiocutory decree for sale en-tered in the above cause on the 9th day of July, 1878, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Clerk and Master's office, Courthouse Building, Memphis, Tean., on Saturday, August 31, 1878,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tenn., to-wit: An undivided 40 acres in a certain tract of land on the waters of Nonconnah adjoining the lands of Person, Norris and Rodgers, said tract being the west part of a 280-acre tract purchased by Leatherman from G. Buntyn, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of A. W. Austins's 100-acre survey at a stake south 891½ deg west 23 feet from a whiteoak marked O. B.; thence north 55 chains and 20 links to a stake; thence east 15 chains ato a stake; thence south 77 chains and 90 links to a stake; thence east 15 chains to a stake if deg east 7 feet from a whiteoak marked R. M.; thence 15 chains to the southwest corner of said 100 acres; thence north 22 chains 70 links to the beginning, containing 116 85-100 acres.

Also, lots 323 and 324, in block 8, of Overton's subdivision, as laid down on Rucker's map of the city of Memphis, bounded as follows: Beginning at the intersection of the west side of Sixth street with the south side of Clay street; thence westwardly with the south side of Clay street; thence westwardly with the south side of Clay street; thence westwardly with the south side of Clay street; thence westwardly 153 2-10 feet to an alley; thence eastwardly 144 feet to Sixth street; thence northwardly 153 2-10 feet to the beginning.

The undivided 40 acres will first be sold; if that tract brings a sufficient amount to satisfy the decree under which it is sold, the two lots will not be sold.

Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance at 6 and 12 months; notes with approved security required, with lien on property to further secure the purchase money. August 5, 1878.

E. A. COLE, Clerk and Master.

By E. B. McHenry, Deputy C. and M.

J. E. R. Bay, Sc., for clamant. Saturday, August 31, 1878,